or defect in any ruling or order or in any act done or omitted by the ALJ or by any of the parties, including Federal representatives such as Medicare carriers and intermediaries and Quality Improvement Organizations, is ground for vacating, modifying or otherwise disturbing an otherwise appropriate ruling or order or act, unless refusal to take such action appears to the ALJ or the DAB inconsistent with substantial justice. The ALJ and the DAB at every stage of the proceeding will disregard any error or defect in the proceeding that does not affect the substantial rights of the parties.

PART 1006—INVESTIGATIONAL INQUIRIES

Sec.

1006.1 Scope.

1006.2 Contents of subpoena.

1006.3 Service and fees.

1006.4 Procedures for investigational inquiries.

1006.5 Enforcement of a subpoena.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 405(d), 405(e), 1302 and 1320a-7a.

SOURCE: 57 FR 3354, Jan. 29, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1006.1 Scope.

- (a) The provisions in this part govern subpoenas issued by the Inspector General, or his or her delegates, in accordance with sections 205(d) and 1128A(j) of the Act, and require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any other evidence at an investigational inquiry.
- (b) Such subpoenas may be issued in investigations under section 1128A of the Act or under any other section of the Act that incorporates the provisions of section 1128A(j).
- (c) Nothing in this part is intended to apply to or limit the authority of the Inspector General, or his or her delegates, to issue subpoenas for the production of documents in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 6(a)(4), App. 3.

§ 1006.2 Contents of subpoena.

- A subpoena issued under this part will—
- (a) State the name of the individual or entity to whom the subpoena is addressed:

- (b) State the statutory authority for the subpoena;
- (c) Indicate the date, time and place that the investigational inquiry at which the witness is to testify will take place;
- (d) Include a reasonably specific description of any documents or items required to be produced; and
- (e) If the subpoena is addressed to an entity, describe with reasonable particularity the subject matter on which testimony is required. In such event, the named entity will designate one or more individuals who will testify on its behalf, and will state as to each individual so designated that individual's name and address and the matters on which he or she will testify. The individual so designated will testify as to matters known or reasonably available to the entity.

§ 1006.3 Service and fees.

- (a) A subpoena under this part will be served by—
- (1) Delivering a copy to the individual named in the subpoena;
- (2) Delivering a copy to the entity named in the subpoena at its last principal place of business; or
- (3) Registered or certified mail addressed to such individual or entity at its last known dwelling place or principal place of business.
- (b) A verified return by the individual serving the subpoena setting forth the manner of service or, in the case of service by registered or certified mail, the signed return post office receipt, will be proof of service.
- (c) Witnesses will be entitled to the same fees and mileage as witnesses in the district courts of the United States (28 U.S.C. 1821 and 1825). Such fees need not be paid at the time the subpoena is served.

§ 1006.4 Procedures for investigational inquiries.

- (a) Testimony at investigational inquiries will be taken under oath or affirmation.
- (b) Investigational inquiries are non-public investigatory proceedings. Attendance of non-witnesses is within the discretion of the OIG, except that—

§ 1006.5

- (1) A witness is entitled to be accompanied, represented and advised by an attorney; and
- (2) Representatives of the OIG are entitled to attend and ask questions.
- (c) A witness will have an opportunity to clarify his or her answers on the record following the questions by the OIG.
- (d) Any claim of privilege must be asserted by the witness on the record.
- (e) Objections must be asserted on the record. Errors of any kind that might be corrected if promptly presented will be deemed to be waived unless reasonable objection is made at the investigational inquiry. Except where the objection is on the grounds of privilege, the question will be answered on the record, subject to the objection.
- (f) If a witness refuses to answer any question not privileged or to produce requested documents or items, or engages in conduct likely to delay or obstruct the investigational inquiry, the OIG may seek enforcement of the subpoena under § 1006.5.
- (g)(1) The proceedings will be recorded and transcribed.
- (2) The witness is entitled to a copy of the transcript, upon payment of prescribed costs, except that, for good cause, the witness may be limited to inspection of the official transcript of his or her testimony.
- (3)(i) The transcript will be submitted to the witness for signature.
- (ii) Where the witness will be provided a copy of the transcript, the transcript will be submitted to the witness for signature. The witness may submit to the OIG written proposed corrections to the transcript, with such corrections attached to the transcript. If the witness does not return a signed copy of the transcript or proposed corrections within 30 days of its being submitted to him or her for signature, the witness will be deemed to have agreed that the transcript is true and accurate.
- (iii) Where, as provided in paragraph (g)(2) of this section, the witness is limited to inspecting the transcript, the witness will have the opportunity at the time of inspection to propose corrections to the transcript, with corrections attached to the transcript. The

witness will also have the opportunity to sign the transcript. If the witness does not sign the transcript or offer corrections within 30 days of receipt of notice of the opportunity to inspect the transcript, the witness will be deemed to have agreed that the transcript is true and accurate.

(iv) The OIG's proposed corrections the record of transcript will be attached to the transcript.

(h) Testimony and other evidence obtained in an investigational inquiry may be used by the OIG or DHHS in any of its activities, and may be used or offered into evidence in any administrative or judicial proceeding.

[57 FR 3354, Jan. 29, 1992, as amended at 65 FR 24419, Apr. 26, 2000]

§ 1006.5 Enforcement of a subpoena.

A subpoena to appear at an investigational inquiry is enforceable through the District Court of the United States and the district where the subpoenaed person is found, resides or transacts business

PART 1007—STATE MEDICAID FRAUD CONTROL UNITS

Sec.

1007.1 Definitions.

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1007.5 Basic requirement.

1007.7 Organization and location requirements.

1007.9 Relationship to, and agreement with, the Medicaid agency.

1007.11 Duties and responsibilities of the unit.

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1007.15 Applications, certification and recertification.

1007.17 Annual report.

1007.19 Federal financial participation (FFP).

1007.21 Other applicable HHS regulations.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 1396b(a)(6), 1396b(b)(3) and 1396b(q).

Source: 57 FR 3355, Jan. 29, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1007.1 Definitions.

As used in this part, unless otherwise indicated by the context:

Employ or employee, as the context requires, means full-time duty intended to last at least a year. It includes an arrangement whereby an individual is